

Evidence: Mental Health Indicators

Glasgow's Healthier Future Forum 10, 2010

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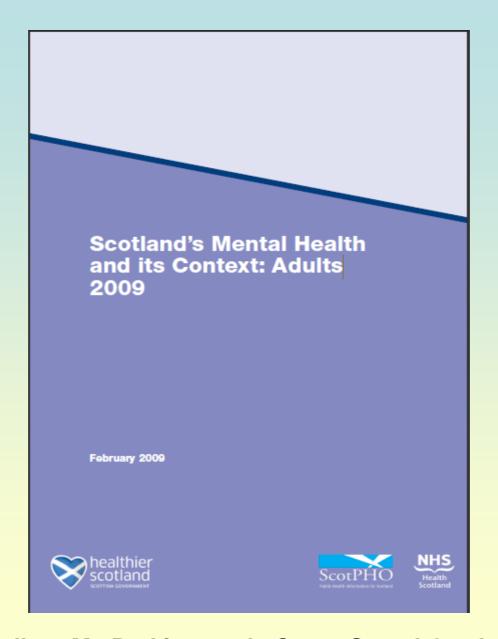




Mental Health and Illness in Greater Glasgow

Laurence Gruer et al, 1999





Taulbut, M., Parkinson, J., Catto, S. and Gordon, D.



Indicators

Mental Health Outcome

Positive Mental Health (2)

Negative Mental Health (13)

Individual & Behavioural

Learning & Devel. (1)

Healthy Living (4)

General Health (3)

- Geography, age, sex, deprivation, time
- disability, ethnicity, sexual orientation

Structural/Community

Community Participation (3)

Social networks/support (3)

Community safety/trust (6)

Financial security/equity (3)

Social inclusion (2)

Discrimination (3)

Physical environment (6)

Working Life (6)

Violence (3)



(Selected) Findings

- > Geographical inequality
- ➤ Inequality by deprivation
- ➤ Inequality by **Age and sex**
- > Inequalities with increasing harm

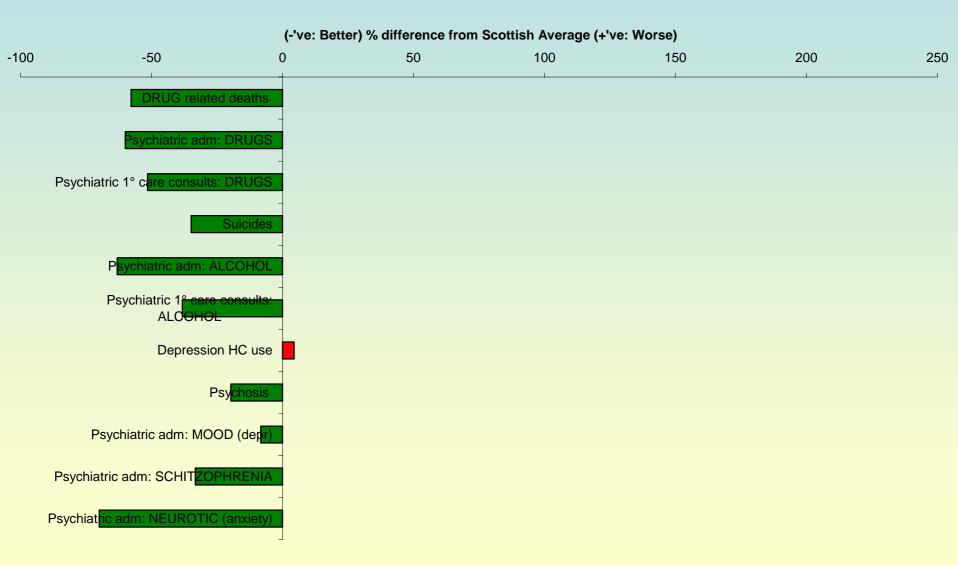


Geographical inequality Local Authority

Mental Heath Outcomes



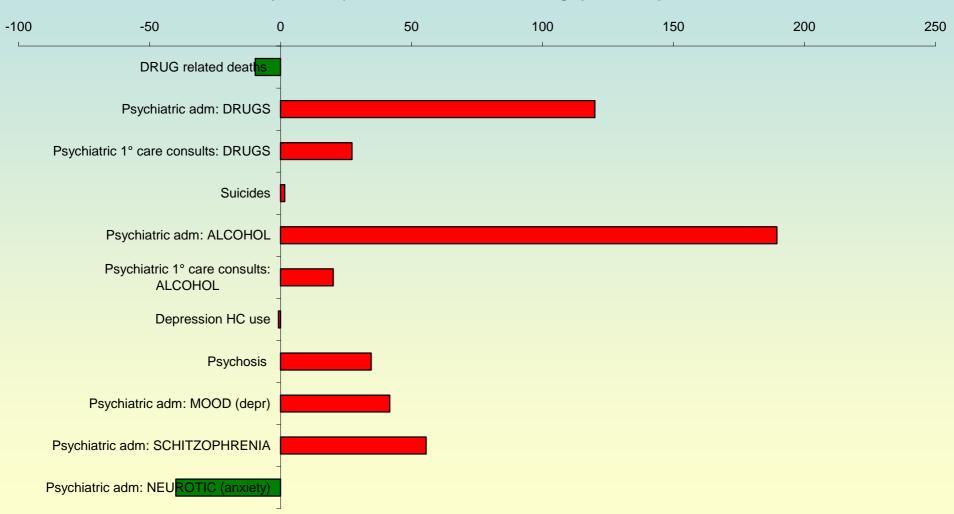
EAST DUNBARTONSHIRE



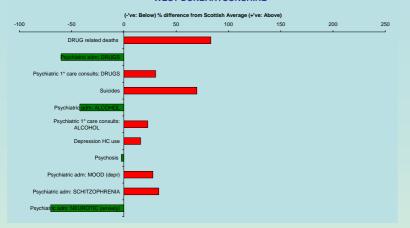


INVERCLYDE

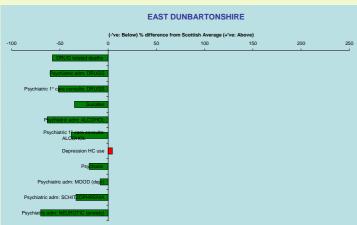
(-'ve: Better) % difference from Scottish Average (+'ve: Worse)



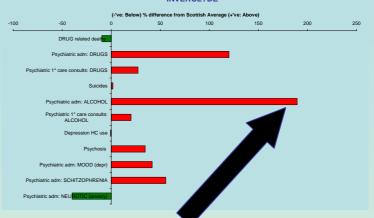
WEST DUNBARTSONSHIRE

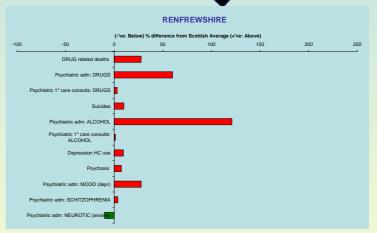


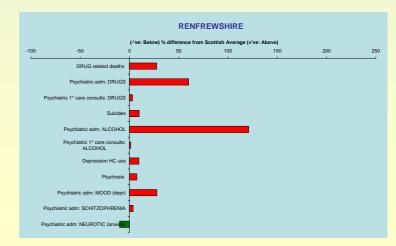




INVERCLYDE



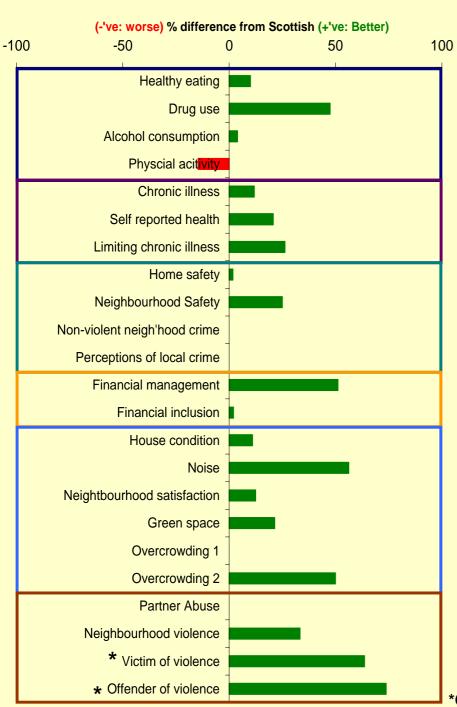






Inequality by area deprivation

Contextual factors



LEAST deprived quintile

Healthy Living

General Health

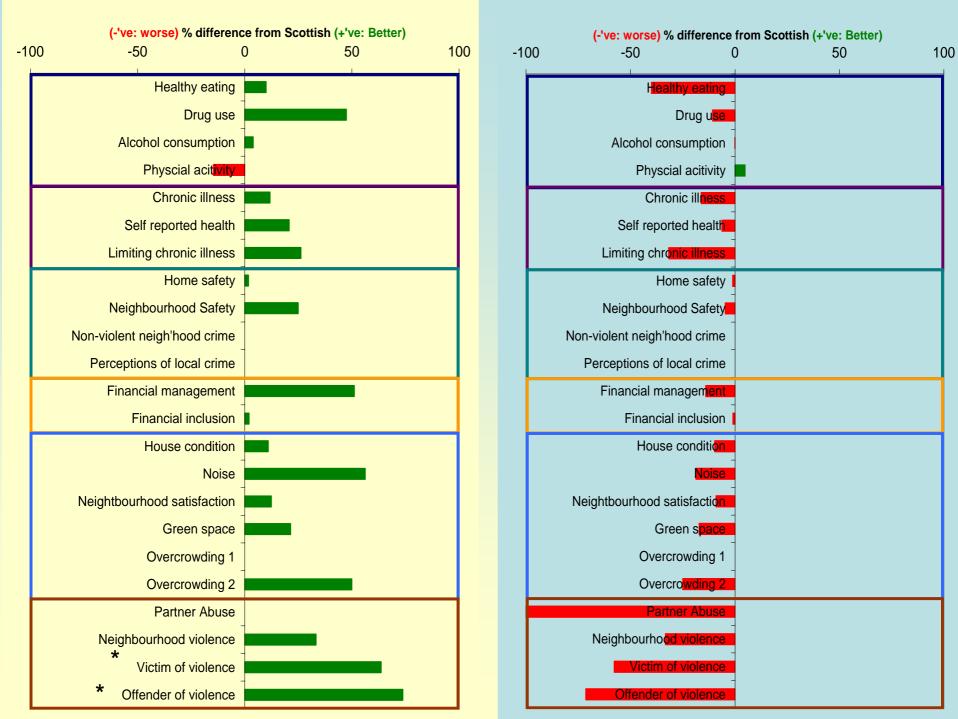
Community Safety

Financial Security

Physical Environment

Violence

*Comparison is GG&C



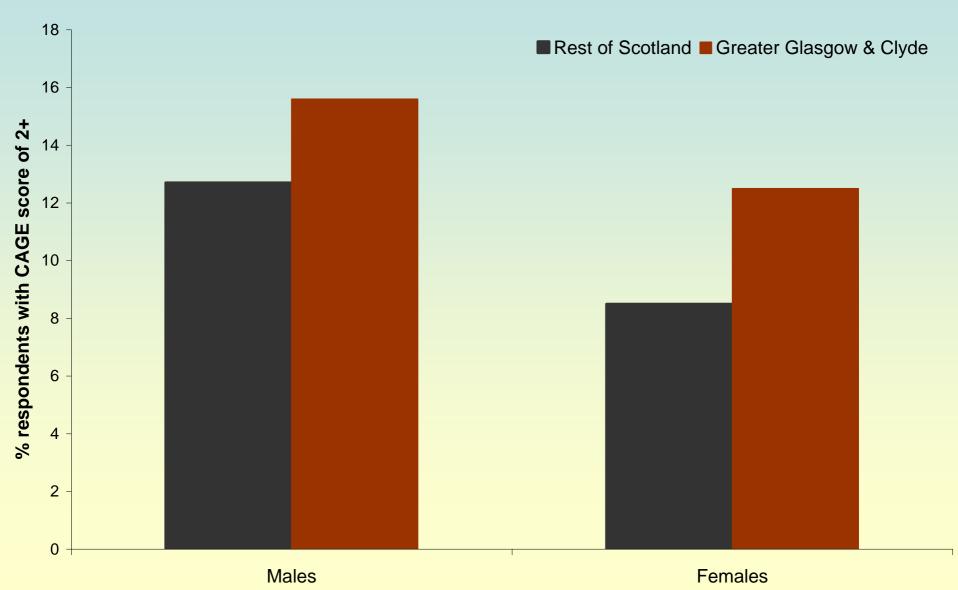


Age and Sex

ALCOHOL DEPENDANCY



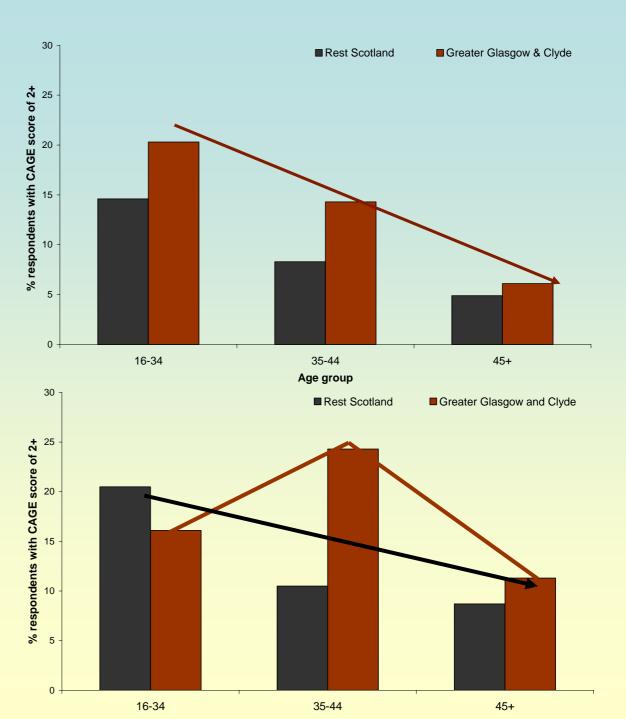
% of respondents with ALCOHOL DEPENDANCY, 2008 [SHeS]





FEMALES



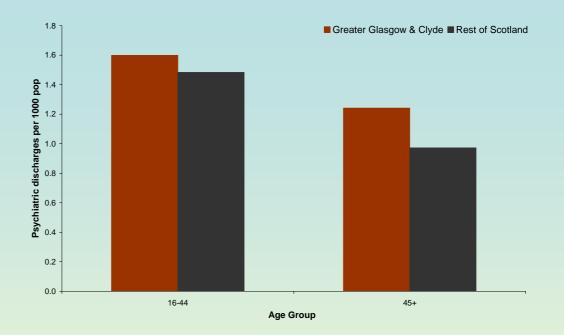




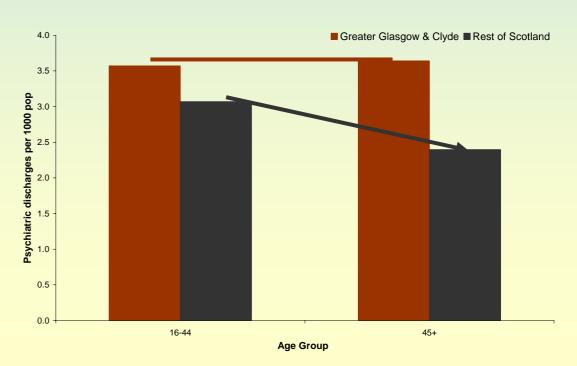
Psychiatric admissions for ALCOHOL-INDUCED disorders



FEMALES



MALES





Indicator sets "increasing harm"

DRUGS ALCOHOL



Indicator sets "increasing harm"

DRUGS

ALCOHOL



Drugs

Drug use →GP consults→in-pt admissions→drug deaths

[Drug related]

[Drug related]

Increasing Harm

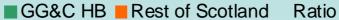
Primary care consultations for Report ta drug-related mental health reasons

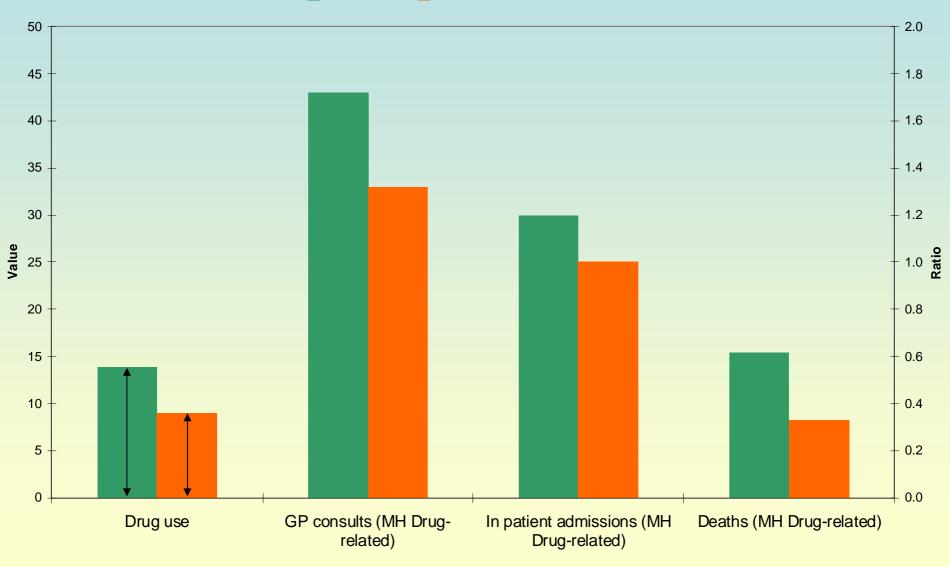
hospital - drug-in disorder

Discharges from MH-related drug deaths

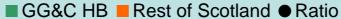
[mental and behavioural disorders due to psychoactive substance use]

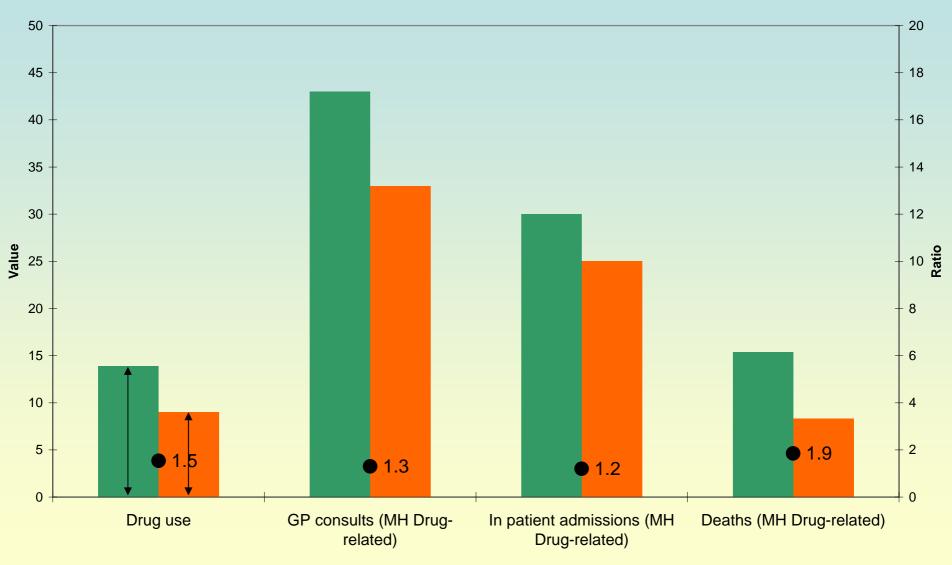






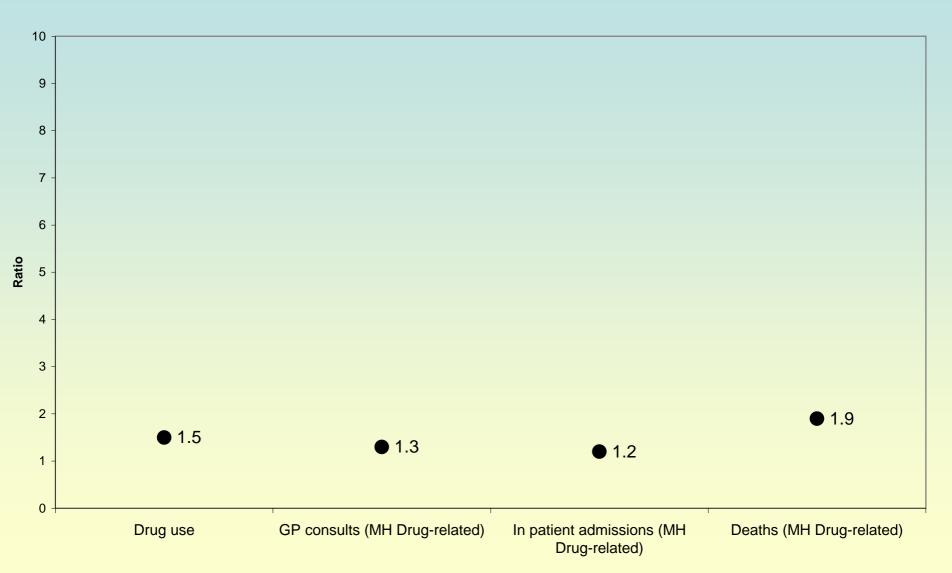






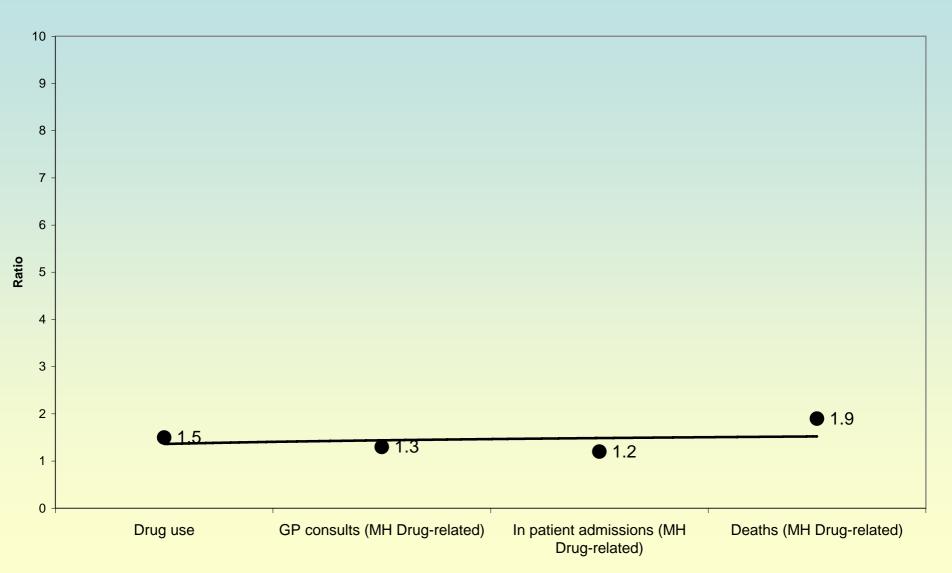


Ratio - GGC v rest of Scotland

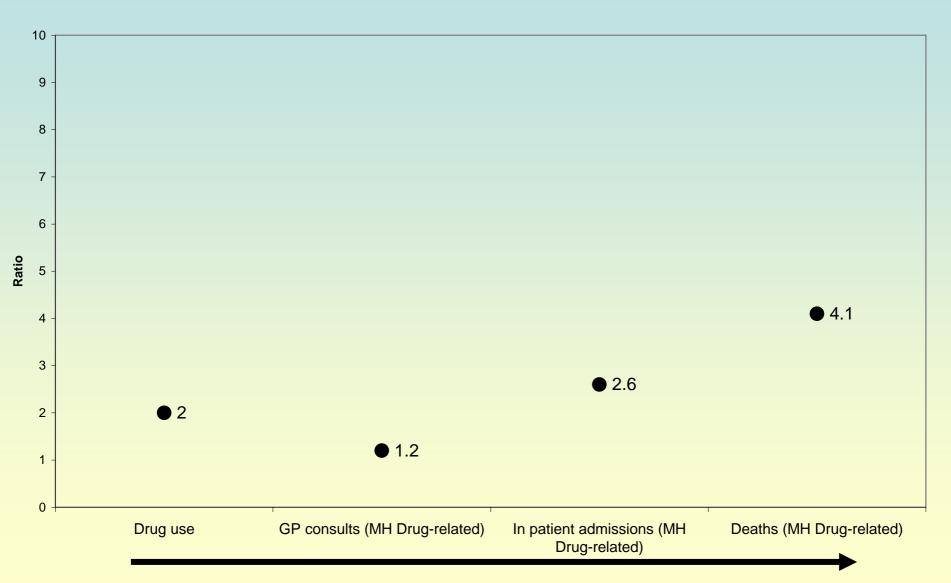




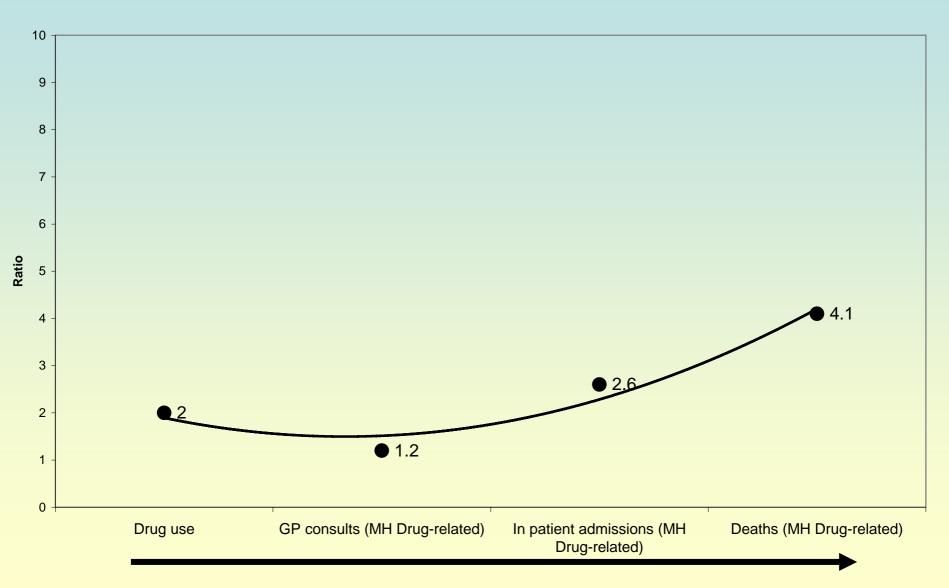
Ratio - GGC v rest of Scotland



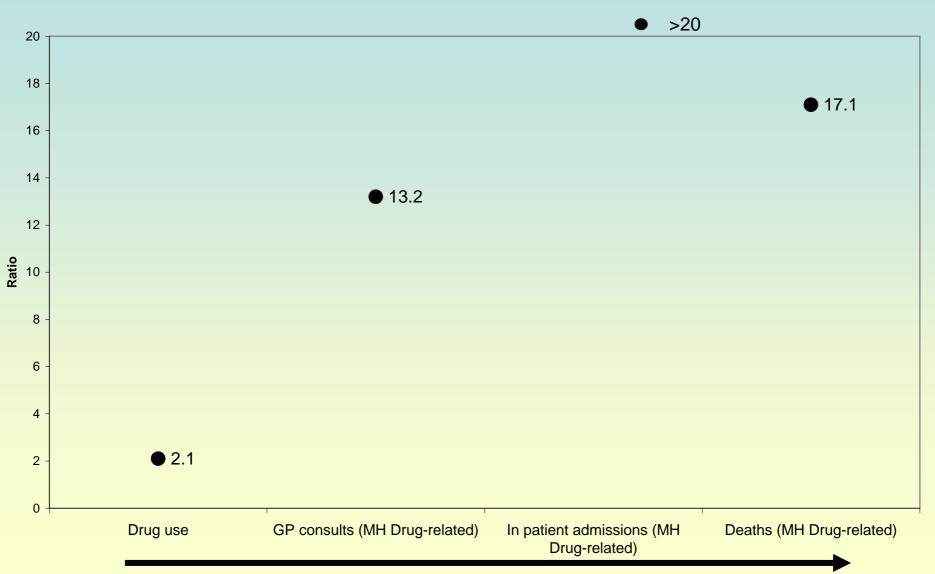




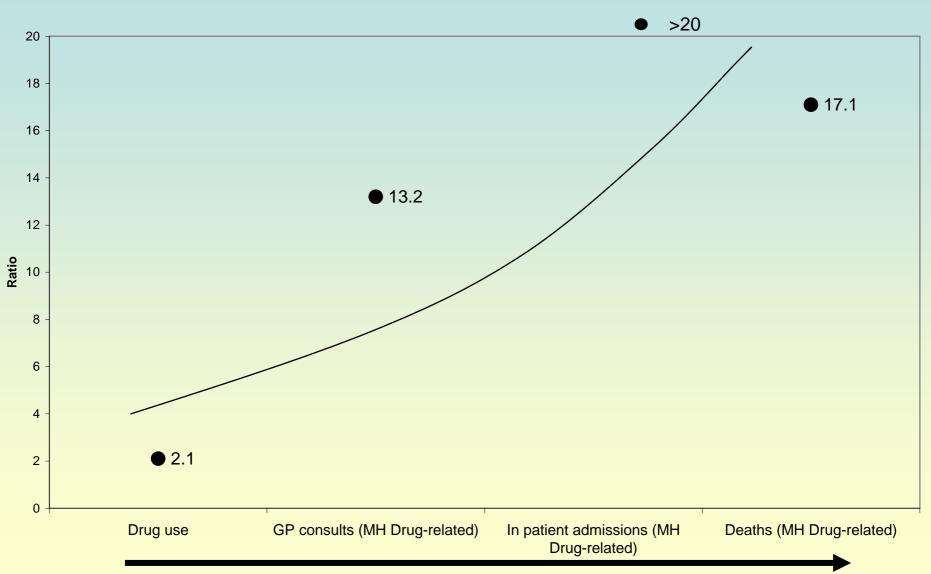


















EXTRA SLIDES



Interpretation

Patterns in categories

Sensitivity of indicator

Financial inclusion: "Percentage of households with access to a bank account, building society, credit union account or post office account "

Population	% with bank account
GG&C	98
Rest of Scotland	99
Females	98
Males	99
Most deprived	97
Least deprived	100



DRUGS

Drug use: % of adults taken illicit drugs [prev.

12mo]

GP consults: Patients consulting primary care for

drug-related mental health reasons

(per 50,000 pop)

In-pt admissions: Persons discharged from a

psychiatric hospital - drug-induced

disorder (per 50,000 pop)

Drug deaths: Adult deaths [prev. 12 mo] from

"mental and behavioural disorders due

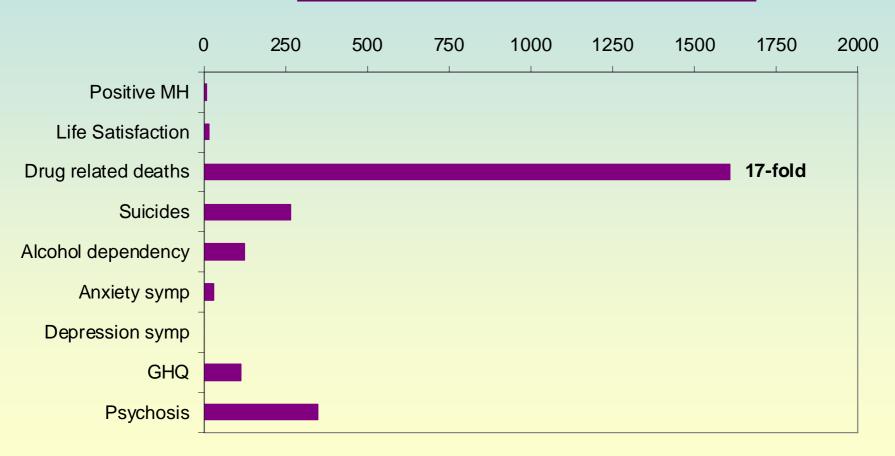
to psychoactive substance use" (per

100,000 pop)



% Difference Between the Most and Least Deprived Quintiles

MENTAL HEALTH OUTCOMES





New Local Indicators

Patient registers:

Psychosis, depression (QOF)

Healthcare usage:

Hospital admissions (by Dx); primary care consults (by Dx); outpatient referrals

Police Crime data:

Domestic abuse; violent and non-violent crime

Worklessness:

Incapacity Benefit claims (by Dx)

Job seekers allowance claims