GCPH Symposium

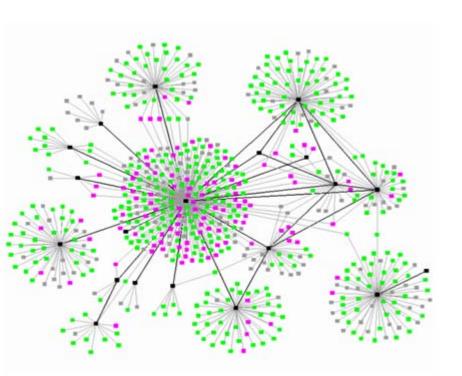
'From early understandings to new perspectives'

Thursday 28th February 2013 – The Teacher Building





Centre for Connectedness: From social capitals and networks to resilience





Early understandings and new perspectives

Pete Seaman



Broad range of projects

- Alcohol (JRF, AFS, Playsafe
- Active travel choices
- Cancer health beliefs (U of Stirling)
- Community participation
- Greenspace access
- Employability (Full Employment Areas Intve.)
- Desistance from gang activity (Includem)

Social capital, networks and 'connectedness'



Social capitals

- Bonding capital- links with similar people, similar outlooks and values, Strong ties, good for "Getting by"
- Bridging capital links with people with different outlooks and values, weak ties, good for "Getting on" and adapting to changed circumstance and crises.



What we knew then

- That bridging capital and "weak ties" are vital for taking advantage of new opportunities (Granovetter 1983)
- There is an unequal distribution of bridging capital in Glasgow (FMR 2006)
- That the consumerist/individualist turn in culture impedes SC development (Putnam 2000)



What we knew then – how Glasgow did SC

"Glasgow's skill in generating bonding social capital may inhibit its ability to generate bridging social capital ... 'tribal' feelings predominate in some parts of the city and some individuals are so keen to bond with members of their 'tribe' that they ignore 'outsiders' or view them as threats"

FMR 2006



What was missing

- Resilience perspective reveals importance of meaning
- Social networks can support both helpful and unhelpful narratives
- Highlights role of authorship, meaning making, "forward lean"

"I had my
dependencies, when I
gave up those
dependencies, there
were very few people
left who were not
connected to those
dependencies"

Female, former problem drinker

Whose sense of meaning counts?

- Research conducted in buoyant economic times
- Community animators =
 mentors who offered
 compensatory bridging
 capital to workless
- Yet clash of shared meaning around circumstances and desired narrative

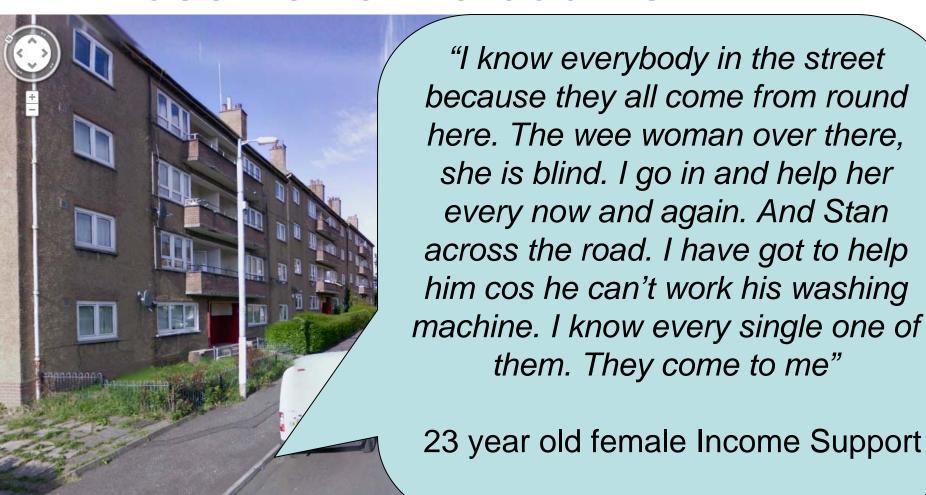




Clash of meaning and narratives

- 'Labour market churning' rather than long term unemployment with unrewarding experiences of work
- Unpaid roles in families or the community offered better narratives and identities they could live with
- Making work "pay" needs to take account of non monetary value of labour

Whose narrative counts?





Stuck narratives

- Alcohol used in young adulthood to build social networks
- Given support culturally and environmentally
- Seen as temporary behaviour.
- Requires opportunities to move on

Drinking to belong

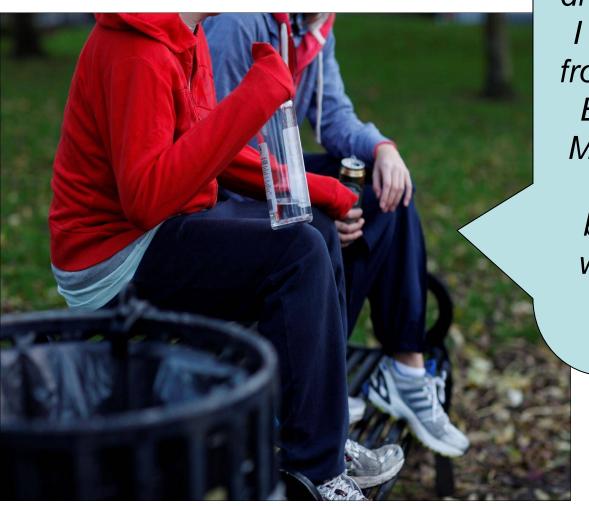
Understanding young adults' alcohol use within social networks

Peter Seaman and Theresa Ikegwuonu

"(As you get older) you want better stories to tell than I got really hammered again"



Stuck narratives



"Round here everybody drinks. All the young ones, I have got about 10 fines from drinking on the street. Everybody here drinks... My mates are all younger than me, so they are between 17 and 21. So when they drink, I drink" Male, 25, Unemployed

Our emerging perspective

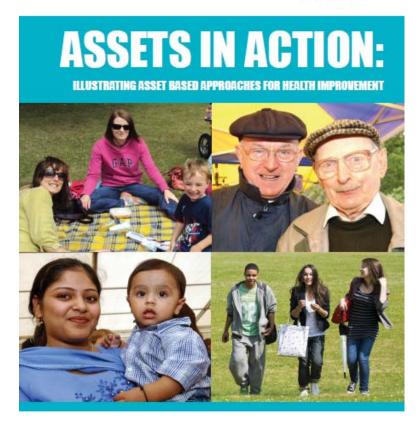
- Study of social networks and connectedness incomplete without understanding of agency and personal (re)construction of meaning
- Resilience as an orientation to future and way past current crises
- Need space for multiple stories and constructions of meaning to flourishpossible with poor bridging capital?



Moving forward

- Making Christie reality
- How can our policies, services and communities sustain and nurture people's sources of meaning to enhance resilience?
- Health economics take on asset-based approaches to aid persuasion
- Links with "new economies", "precariat" etc.





JENNIFER MCLEAN AND VALERIE MCNEICE
August 2012



Moving forward

- How do we represent meaning and narrative as data?
- On-going Phase Three work exploring community narratives as tools to engage policy makers (AHRC)
- Films
- New Story for Glasgow



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Inequalities: learning from partnership approaches

28 February 2013

James Egan



Quick overview

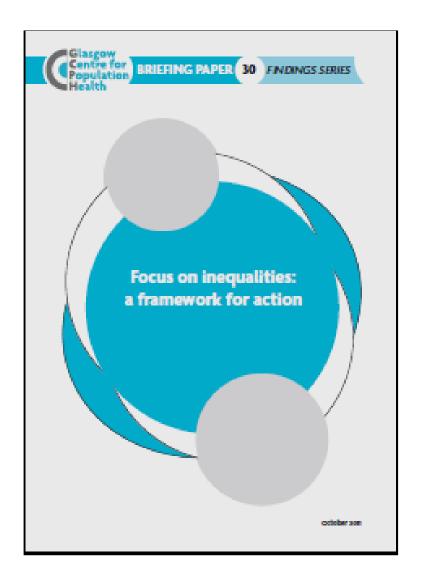
 Lessons from Healthier, Wealthier Children - NHS partnership approach to address child poverty

Lesson from Equally Well test site - Participatory
 Budgeting pilot in Govanhill, south east Glasgow

New areas of GCPH work



A culture of possibilities...



- Links: research, policy & practice
- Support partnership inequalities thinking
 e.g. targeting worst off and reducing health
 gaps

> CHP plans Glasgow

CHP equity action plan
Dundee

STEPS - mental health Glasgow

Equally Well Test Sites

Young people & alcohol
Fife

Govanhill Glasgow



What was learned...

Inequalities Framework

- Support staff engaging with inequalities & how they relate to practice (what, why and how...)
- Linking equality issues with action on inequalities (more of this later)
- Need to articulate inequalities dimension in planning processes & subsequent impact e.g. interventions, indicators and outcomes
- Need to address capacity e.g. community engagement, data analysis, interpretation & evaluation.



Along came a new possibility...



Healthier, Wealthier Children

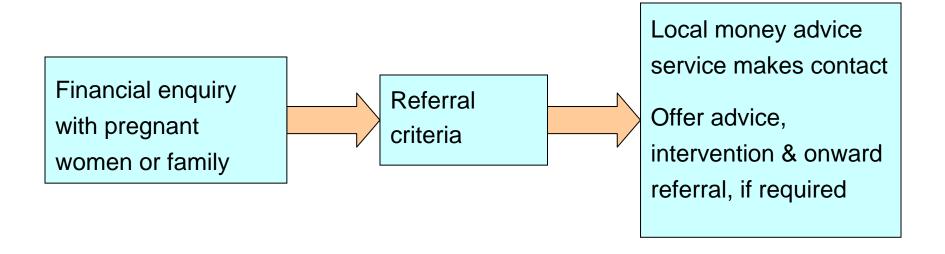
NHS, Council, Vol. Sector partnership –
 provide money advice across NHSGGC

Evaluation (Oct 2010 - Jan 2012)

- 1. Impact on service users
- Development & effectiveness of models across 10 CH/CP areas
- 3. Impact on Practice, Policy & Strategy



HWC project delivery



NHS & Money Advice staff support development, implementation & reporting across NHS GGC

Pregnant Children < 5yrs Child <19yrs with additional support needs

Kinship carer mental health & addiction immigration status

Household Income < £40,000



HWC - connecting health determinants

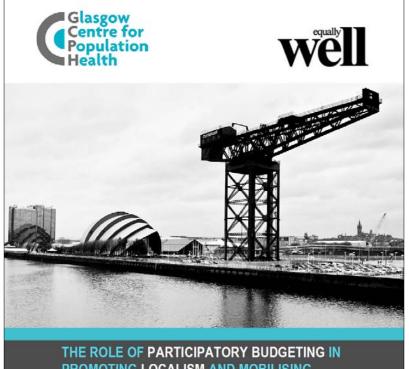
| Social structure | Individual's social position | Intermediary factors | Outcomes |
|--|--|--|--|
| Welfare system | GenderLone parent | Individuals' expectations | Good partnership reach among low income groups |
| Minority ethnic group Household risk of or experiencing poverty | Culture, roles & delivery (NHS, LA & Vol. Sector) | £2.5m in short timeframe Client average annual gain: £3,404 Qnward support | |

Linking equality issues with action on inequalities



Participatory Budgeting - Govanhill

budget



Participatory Budgeting: directly involves

spending & priorities for a defined public

local people in decision-making on

THE ROLE OF PARTICIPATORY BUDGETING IN PROMOTING LOCALISM AND MOBILISING COMMUNITY ASSETS

But where next for Participatory Budgeting in Scotland?

Learning from the Govanhill Equally Well test site

Chris Harkins James Egan Glasgow Centre for Population Health March 2012 Govanhill PB pilot (2010 - 2011)



Participatory Budgeting - Govanhill

- £200k of Equally Well funds initiate PB pilot
- Newly formed Govanhill Community Action Group (GoCA) summer 2010
- Process facilitation (Oxfam UK Poverty) & evaluation (GCPH)
- Local community planning partnership structures endorsed the approach

| | Funded projects | Equally Well funds awarded through Participatory Budgeting |
|---|---|--|
| (| Govanhill Addictions Family Support Group | £40,000 |
| (| Govanhill Community Justice Partnership | £60,000 |
| • | Govanhill Baths Trust - health and wellbeing programmes - capital grant | £50,000 £50,000 |



Some PB lessons

- Positive experience for all concerned Social & Human Capital benefits evidenced in the evaluation
- Importance of independent facilitation during PB process

GoCA members...

- Embracing responsibility and empowerment
- Strategic and maximal use of funding
- Prioritising people ahead of place
- Bringing fresh thinking to the table



Some other PB lessons

But also

- Time pressures within the PB pilot
- Community representation within the Govanhill PB pilot
- Public sector desire for 'community professionalism'



Taking forward new areas of work

- HWC project phase 2 evaluation & sharing lessons
- Welfare reforms lone parents moving into work
- Changing nature of work (temporary, part-time, in-work poverty) impact on health.
- New economies: building on past work

Insights from a Civic Conversation in Glasgow (2008)

Transforming global finance, Hazel Henderson (2011)

Precariat, Guy Standing (2011)



Conclusion

Recognising the current climate

- Welfare reforms
- Constrained public spend
- Changing nature of work & rising household costs

...but how do we extend 'doing things differently'?

- Participatory Budget give local people a greater say in local budget decisions
- HWC project build on partnership approach to mitigate reforms

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